

Mid-Year 2022

MIDDLE MARKET INDICATOR

Robust Growth Continues Even as Confidence Falters

IN COLLABORATION WITH







Executive Summary

As the MMI enters its 11th year, the U.S. middle market continues its strong performance, despite new and ongoing challenges. Nearly three quarters (73%) of middle market companies continue to report that overall company performance is better today than compared to one year ago; fewer than one in 10 companies (7%) report an overall decline in company performance. While the rapid surge in year-over-year revenue and employment growth rates experienced since mid-2020 has leveled off, companies across all middle market revenue segments and industries are sustaining extremely high growth in both areas.

Most businesses anticipate strong growth into 2023. However, economic confidence levels, which showed signs of faltering six months ago, continue to deteriorate. More companies are signaling an inclination to build up cash reserves, and plans for expansion and investment in the business are tapering off. Overall, middle market business leaders appear optimistic about their own growth as they head into the second half of 2022, but leaders clearly have an eye on mounting headwinds related to inflation and ongoing supply chain challenges.

During the first half of 2022, middle market companies sustained a year-over-year revenue growth rate of 12.2%, just below the all-time-high of 12.3% reported at the end of 2021. While this represents a stabilization in the rate of growth, that stabilization is occurring at a rate well above the average year-over-year revenue growth rate of 6.8%. Furthermore, while nearly four out of five companies experienced revenue growth between mid-2021 and mid-2022, 58% of businesses reported growth of 10% or more. Prior to the pandemic, just 36% of companies were growing their revenues at this strong pace.

Year-over-year employment growth rates have stabilized as well, but also at a rate significantly above the historical average. For the second straight reporting period, a majority of middle market companies cite employment growth with most of these growing organizations adding to the size of the workforce at a rate of 10% or more. The result is an average year over-year employment growth rate of 10.8%, more than double the 5.0%

year-over-year employment growth rate reported in December 2019 prior to the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic. Even with this ongoing growth in workforce size, more than a quarter (28%) of middle market companies continue to say that the size of their workforce is insufficient for current market conditions and that they will need to continue to hire. Healthcare remains the segment most likely to report a need for additional people.

Most middle market companies continue to project rapid revenue and employment growth into 2023. While the rate of revenue growth will taper off slightly, companies expect to keep adding jobs at the same accelerated pace. For many businesses, however, this may be easier said than done. Almost every middle market business reports experiencing at least some degree of difficulty with finding skilled employees. This challenge manifests in a variety of ways, including greater demands on current employees, increases in pay rates, and a slowdown in sales.

Growth and talent management remain top challenges for middle market leaders. Even as COVID-related concerns continue to diminish, companies continue to contend with the pandemic's fallout, particularly supply chain disruptions. Costs are also increasingly becoming an issue. Most companies report an increase in salaries and wages. However, the middle market is split on the impact of inflation: while 39% report negative effects, the same percentage of companies say inflation is having a positive impact for their businesses.

Nevertheless, compared to six months ago, a larger proportion of companies say they would hold an extra dollar in reserve as opposed to immediately investing it or earmarking it for a future investment, reversing the trend seen over the past several reporting periods. In addition, fewer companies have plans for expansion over the next year, compared to six months ago as the cost of capital continues to rise. The most telling sign of headwinds on the horizon is waning economic confidence. Despite strong, continued growth projections, economic confidence has dropped sharply since the close of 2021. National and global economic confidence have both dipped below their 5-year historic averages.

Middle Market Indicator

from the National Center for the Middle Market

THE MIDDLE MARKET INDICATOR (MMI) FROM THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR THE MIDDLE MARKET IS A BUSINESS PERFORMANCE UPDATE AND ECONOMIC OUTLOOK SURVEY CONDUCTED AMONG 1,000 C-SUITE EXECUTIVES OF COMPANIES WITH ANNUAL REVENUES BETWEEN \$10 MILLION AND \$1 BILLION.

There are nearly 200,000 U.S. middle market businesses that represent one-third of private sector GDP, employing approximately 48 million people. These businesses outperformed through the last financial crisis (2007–2010 period) by adding 2.2 million jobs across major industry sectors and U.S. geographies, demonstrating their importance to the overall health of the U.S. economy. They are private and public, family owned, and sole proprietorships, geographically diverse, and span almost all industries. The health of these businesses and their respective outlook serve as a solid indicator for the greater U.S. economy as a whole. (See www.middlemarketcenter.org: "The Market that Moves America," seminal research on the definition, significance, and role of the middle market, Oct. 2011.)

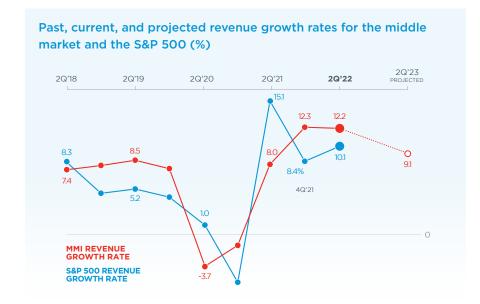
How is the research conducted?

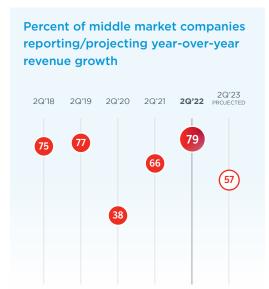
The MMI surveys 1,000 CEOs, CFOs, and other C-suite executives of America's middle market companies on key indicators of past and future performance in revenue, employment, and allocation of cash. The survey also reports middle market company confidence in the global, U.S., and local economies and identifies key business challenge areas. The survey was designed to accurately reflect the nearly 200,000 U.S. businesses with revenues between \$10 million and \$1 billion, the lower and upper limits of middle market annual revenue. The survey is designed and managed by the National Center for the Middle Market. The most recent survey reflected in this report was fielded in June 2022.



Revenue

Strong year-over-year revenue growth persists in the middle market. Nearly four out of five companies report increases from a year ago with over half of these firms experiencing growth of 10% or more. The average year-over-year revenue growth rate of 12.2% is on par with the all-time high of 12.3% reported six months ago. Most businesses expect robust growth into 2023.

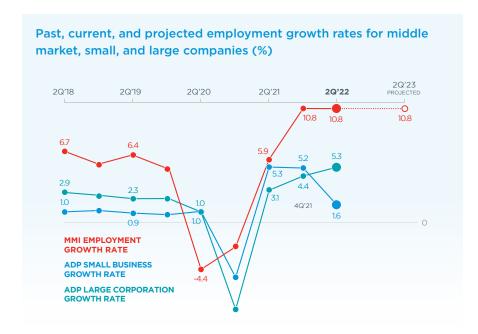


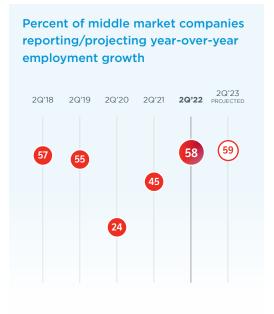




Employment

The record high employment growth experienced in 2021 continues in 2022 with 58% of middle market companies increasing the size of their workforce by an average year-over-year employment growth rate of nearly 11%. Most companies expect to continue adding new jobs at the same high rate into 2023.





KEY FINDINGS



Expansion

After surging in 2021, expansionary activity has moderated slightly but remains well above levels seen during the height of the pandemic.







Economic Confidence

Confidence plunges but remains above the lows reported in 2020.







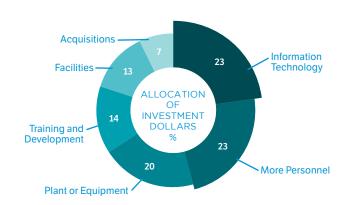
Capital Investment

Appetites for investment plateau as a larger number of companies report a desire to hold cash.

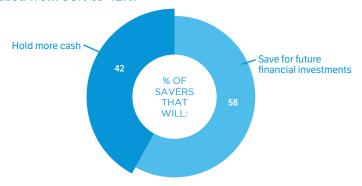
Percent of middle market executives that would invest vs. save an extra dollar



Technology and people are the leading investment targets as companies anticipate continued rapid growth.



The proportion of companies inclined to build cash reserves increased from 36% to 42%.





Key Challenges

Cost concerns mount as COVID fears continue to dissipate. Growing and staffing the business remain top challenges.

Percent of middle market leaders citing an issue as a key challenge over the next 12 months

INTERNAL CHALLENGES

I. CORE BUSINESS ISSUES	51%
2. TALENT MANAGEMENT	50%
3. COSTS	21%
4. COVID-19	7%

EXTERNAL CHALLENGES

I. CORE BUSINESS ISSUES	3/%
2. COSTS	16%
3. ECONOMY	19%
4. COVID-19	7%

*Core business issues include maintaining revenue and sales growth, ensuring customer satisfaction/ retention, and IT/technology challenges.

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